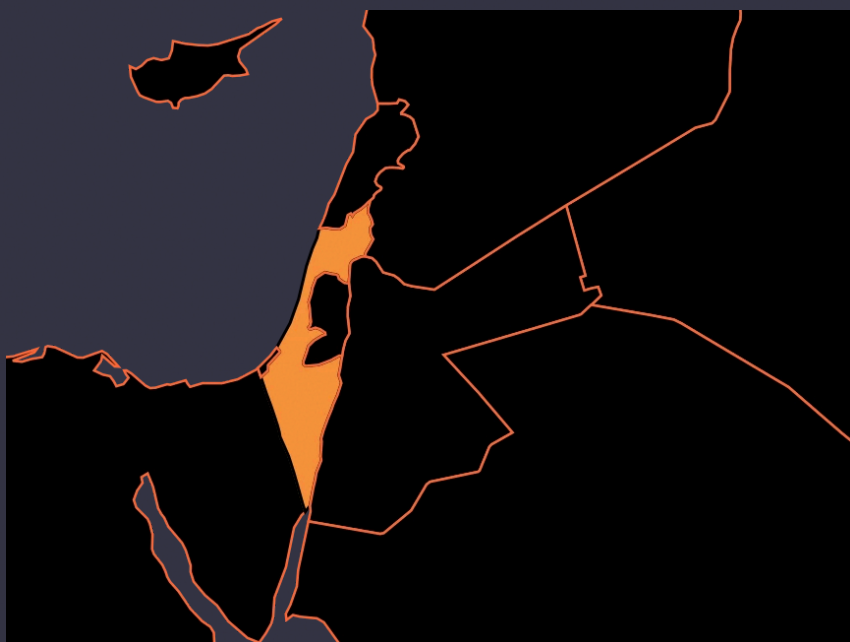


ISRAEL

ASIA · MIDDLE EAST



TECNOSEC

ISRAEL AS A SUPERHERO

TECNOSEC'S POWERS

POPULATION		9,6 M hab.	POP. GROWTH		19,02 %
AREA		21,6 K km ²	DENSITY		446 hab/km ²
WEALTH		54,2 K \$/hab	LITERACY		97,8 %
LARGEST CITY		Tel Aviv	URBAN POP.		91,4 %
LIFE EXPECT.		82,9 años	MEDIAN AGE		29,2 años
HIGHEST PEAK		Mount Meron	LARGEST RIVER		Jordan River
RAINFALL		435 mm/m ²			

LANGUAGES

Hebrew

CURRENCY

Shekel

GOVERNMENT

Parliamentary republic

RELIGION

Judaism

DEMONYM

Israeli

● WHAT DEFINES ISRAEL

Sabra

CULTURE

Sabra describes the attitude of Israelis: fast-paced, high-strung, always on the move, with no time to waste, demanding, impatient, and driven to succeed.

The Temple Mount

ARCHITECTURE

The Temple Mount is an important religious site in Jerusalem, revered by Jews, Christians, and Muslims. It is a place of ongoing conflict due to competing religious and historical claims.

Kibbutz

CULTURE

A kibbutz is an Israeli collective community that traditionally focused on agriculture. Kibbutzim began as utopian communities, combining socialism and Zionism.

The Dead Sea

NATURE

The Dead Sea, a salt lake between Israel and Jordan, is famous for its extreme salinity and its location below sea level, making it the lowest land elevation on Earth.

Biblical Roots

HISTORY

Biblical roots are found in the stories of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. They are considered the patriarchs of the Jewish people and their descendants.

Cultural Fusion

NATURE

Israel brings together communities from Europe, the Middle East, Africa, and other regions, creating a culturally and gastronomically diverse society, visible in its food, music, art, and daily life.

● PLACES TO EXPLORE

Jerusalem

996.732 pop.

Jerusalem is one of the oldest and most symbolic cities in the world, sacred to Judaism, Christianity, and Islam. Its historic old city brings together iconic sites such as the Western Wall, the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, and the Dome of the Rock. Its streets reflect thousands of years of history, religious diversity, and deep cultural traditions.

Tel Aviv

2.642.872 pop.

Tel Aviv is a modern city located on Israel's Mediterranean coast, known for its beaches, contemporary architecture, and lively cultural scene. Founded in the early 20th century, it grew to become a major economic and technological hub. Its Bauhaus-style architecture has earned it UNESCO recognition, while its cafes and markets reflect a dynamic society.

Haifa

1.199.980 pop.

Haifa is an important port city in northern Israel, built between Mount Carmel and the Mediterranean Sea. Its landscape combines beaches, gardens, and neighborhoods that climb up the slopes. The terraced gardens of the Bahá'í Faith are its most recognizable image. Its port and cultural diversity make it a major commercial and industrial center.

Nazareth

75.704 pop.

Nazareth is a city in northern Israel especially known for its significance in Christianity: according to tradition, Jesus grew up here. The Basilica of the Annunciation is one of its most prominent landmarks and attracts visitors from all over the world. Its markets, ancient streets, and religious buildings reflect a long history and a significant Arab community, mostly Palestinian.

● GEOGRAPHY OF ISRAEL

Galilee and the Golan Heights

Galilee and the Golan Heights occupy northern Israel and feature landscapes of hills, fields, forests, and volcanic areas. The Sea of Galilee, also known as Lake Tiberias, is one of its main natural features. The region is of great agricultural, historical, and religious importance, contrasting with the much more arid areas of the center and south of the country.

Jordan Valley

The Jordan Valley is part of a massive tectonic depression that crosses the Middle East. Along its course lies the Dead Sea, famous for its extreme salinity, which makes it easy to float. Its shores are among the lowest land elevations on the planet. The arid landscape, oases, and the Jordan River make this region an exceptional geographical space.

Negev Desert

The Negev Desert occupies a large part of southern Israel and offers a landscape of arid mountains, plateaus, canyons, and massive natural craters. Although rainfall is scarce, there are oases and ancient desert-adapted agricultural systems. Their landscapes show how people have learned to live in extreme conditions and allow visitors to discover the natural diversity of the Israeli territory.

● EXTRAORDINARY PLACES

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● Palestine

DISPUTED TERRITORY

● Makhtesh Ramon

WORLD CHAMPION

● Masada

WONDER

● Jerusalem

IMPOSSIBLE CITY

● Dead Sea

WORLD CHAMPION



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