



- 01** **01 Belgrade was built at a key river confluence.** The capital of Serbia stands exactly where the Danube and Sava rivers meet.
- 02** **02 Its mountains are home to a historic zigzag railway.** The famous Šargan Eight train crosses the spectacular mountain landscape of Mokra Gora.
- 03** **03 The north of the country stands out for its completely flat relief.** The Vojvodina plain is part of the great Pannonian Plain and has very fertile lands.
- 04** **04 Medieval Serbia left an impressive architectural legacy.** The Nemanjić dynasty built monasteries and Orthodox churches that are part of its cultural identity today.
- 05** **05 A unique family tradition honors the household patron saint.** The Slava is a traditional celebration that combines Orthodox faith and family heritage across generations.
- 06** **06 Niš was the birthplace of a famous Roman emperor.** Constantine the Great, a key figure of the Roman Empire, was born in this historic city in the south of the country.
- 07** **07 The Roman emperor left his mark on southern Serbia.** The fortress of Niš and other archaeological remains recall the long multicultural past of this ancient city.
- 08** **08 A peculiar town was created by a famous filmmaker.** The traditional wooden village ofDrvengrad was built by director Emir Kusturica in the west of the country.
- 09** **09 It shares its land borders with seven neighboring countries.** Serbia borders Hungary, Romania, and five other European countries without direct access to the sea.
- 10** **10 Its great linguistic diversity includes a dozen languages.** Although Serbian is the official language, languages such as Hungarian, Romanian, and Slovak are recognized and spoken in the territory.

